

FBIS**DAILY REPORT
CONTENTS***South Asia**Vol VIII No 156**11 August 1980*

AFGHANISTAN

Karmal Message Opens First Session of Women's Seminar	C 1
Statement Condemning Annexation of East Jerusalem Issued	C 2
Party Issues Resolution on People's Awareness	C 3
Monopolies Department Announcement on Gasoline Shortage	C 3
Balkh Governor Reports on Security Situation in Province	C 4
62 'Counterrevolutionaries' Arrested in Samangan Province	C 4
35 'Counterrevolutionaries' Captured in Herat Province	C 5
Graduation Held for Military Court Volunteers	C 5

INDIA

Gandhi Message on Indo-Pakistani Relations	E 1
Gandhi Rebuts Allegations of 'Weakness'	E 1
Rao Questioned on Increased U.S. Presence, Other Issues	E 1
Iran Assured of All Possible Industrial Assistance	E 2
USSR's Kholov Arrives for Celebrations	E 2
Briefs: Oil Imports	E 2

PAKISTAN

President Haq Returns From Saudi Arabia	F 1
Shahi Notes State Department Assurances on Gohar Remarks	F 1
Shahi Interviewed on Afghan Negotiations	F 1
AFP: USSR Asked To Reduce Number of Embassy Officials	F 2

IRAN

Developments Concerning Situation of Students in U.S.	I 1
8 Aug Demonstration	I 1
Unfair U.S. TV Coverage	I 2
Islamic Group on Charges	I 3
9 Aug Demonstration	I 3
Tehran Reports Arrest of Students at Vatican	I 4
Developments Concerning Situation of Students in UK	I 4
Envoy's Meeting With Jailed Students	I 4
Protest at U.S. Embassy	I 5
End of Hunger Strike	I 6
Hunger Strike Staged in Front of UK Embassy in Tehran	I 6
Tehran Report on Demonstration	I 6
11 Aug Report on Protest	I 7
Tehran Reports on Student Demonstrations in Hamburg	I 7
Tehran Comments on U.S., Soviet Support, Use of Iraq	I 8
Kuwaiti Paper Claims U.S. Goods Reexported to Iran	I 9
Vatican Envoy, Capucci Meet With Bani-Sadr	I 10
Reportage on Selection Process of Prime Minister	I 10
Eligibility Committee Investigations	I 10

Majles Nomination of Raja'i	I 10
Bani-Sadr Introduction Letter	I 11
Majles Speakers on Raja'i	I 11
Khomeyni Addresses Representatives of Liberation Movements	I 12
Soviet Reactions to Khomeyni	I 14
Bani-Sadr Attacks IRP Constituent Assembly	I 14
Jerusalem Day Demonstrators Issue Resolution	I 15
Ahvaz Voice, Vision Director Comments on Palestine	I 17
Radio Tehran Says Mehdi Bazargan Reportedly Arrested	I 18
FVOI Reports Formation of Resistance Movement	I 18
AFP Report	I 18
Army Tribunal Solely Responsible for Military Investigations	I 19
Tehran Courts Order Execution of 11 Coup Plotters, 2 Others	I 19
Execution of 14 Plotters	I 20
Acquittal of 12	I 21
Majles Speaker To Hold Regular Press Conferences	I 21
Two Drug Smugglers Executed on Khalkhali's Orders	I 21

KARMAI MESSAGE OPENS FIRST SESSION OF WOMEN'S SEMINAR

LD082204 Kabul Domestic Service in Pashto 1530 GMT 7 Aug 80

[Text] With the reading of the following message from Babrak Karmal, general secretary of the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan [PDPA] Central Committee, chairman of the Revolution Council and prime minister of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan [DRA], the first educational seminar for enhancing the standard of the members of the Democratic Women's Organization of Afghanistan [DWOA] was opened today in the hall of Istiqlal School:

Comrades and friends, on behalf of the PDPA Central Committee, the DRA Revolution Council and on my own behalf, on the occasion of the first seminar of party activists of the DWOA since the development of the new phase of the glorious Sawr Revolution, I congratulate you and through you all the noble and heroic women of the country.

Your seminar is held at a most important moment in the country's history. A few days ago the third plenum of the party's Central Committee was held and, as you know, at the plenum the problems related to the organization of the struggle against counterrevolutionary bands and their total elimination, and also the strengthening of the armed forces and security organs of the government for maintaining social order and related public duties were discussed, and the necessary decisions were made.

The DWOA, as a shining example of the country's women, has grave responsibilities in the realization of these decisions and as the struggling organization of our mothers, sisters and revolutionary daughters, can continue as the proud inheritors of ideals and play a decisive role in party matters, in extending the objectives of the Sawr Revolution, in creating an atmosphere of peace and tranquillity in the country for the well-being of our toiling people and, lastly, in building the new society which constitutes the lofty objective of our party.

I must mention that women, in the face to face struggle against reaction and counterrevolutionary and oppressive dark forces, for the sake of the shining future of their children are not only taking steps alongside the struggling men, but are also building a peaceful life and founding [word indistinct] of the family, party and the development of the oppressed national (?culture) and, particularly in bring up our children, future generations of women in the country have important roles.

The PDPA Central Committee appreciates and fully trusts the heroic struggle of the DWOA **against oppression**, cruelty and irresponsibility, for the sake of accomplishing the rights of the country's toiling women, comprising workers, peasants, artisans and other women, and the numerous past sacrifices of the women of Afghanistan.

This militant organization has accomplished its proper role as a powerful force in cooperating with the party and as a proud school for the education of the country's women in the course of [word indistinct] the toiling, struggling women in the realization of the lofty, human aims of our party and government, and have accomplished them with pride and thus add to our historical achievements.

The PDPA Central Committee is of the opinion, which I share, that the DWOA can only be more and more successful and can only accomplish its great humane duties, with strength, when total unity is achieved in its ranks; when it pays no attention to petty matters, unwarranted competition and foolishness belonging to the feudal past.

VIII. 11 Aug 80

C 2

AFGHANISTAN

On the other hand, the DWOA, as an organization with a democratic and mass character, has a duty--in accordance with the principles of the party manifesto and the DWOA's own regulations whose independence the DWOA recognizes, and also the wishes and inclinations of the extensive ranks of the country's women to whom the DWOA has given happiness--to establish closer cooperation with the party and other social and mass organizations. It is important that other organizations should not duplicate one another's roles and that each should pursue activities allocated to them. On the other hand, I am certain that the party, the social and mass organizations and the government will assist the women's organization in its related duties and will continue to do so.

The DRA Government and the DWOA in their activities related to the women of the country, should have in view the end results of the decisions of the Copenhagen international conference for [word indistinct] generation.

Friends, comrades and militant sisters: So far as is known to me, your seminar has before of it important and urgent tasks. They are: the enhancement of political and social awareness of the DWOA cadres; the evaluation of the democratic experience of the women's movements in other countries; methods of attracting even more noble Afghan women to the country's revolutionary movement; the active participation of the women and the putting into practice of the aims and noble objectives of the Sawr Revolution; and the building of a society based on social justice.

It should be mentioned that your organization, as well as rightly considering the noble and important tasks before it, must bear in mind strict adherence to and respect for the sacred religion of Islam and the traditional and national (?art) of the nation--achieving family happiness--at this present, historic time for our country.

With complete approval of the aims of our seminar, I wish you total success in your struggle for a bright future for the country, the achievement of a prosperous life for every individual and every family in the country, for peace, security, independence, social development and justice.

[Signed] Babrak Karmal, general secretary of the PDPA Central Committee, chairman of the Revolution Council and prime minister of the DRA

STATEMENT CONDEMNING ANNEXATION OF EAST JERUSALEM ISSUED

LI092115 Kabul Domestic Service in Pashto 1530 GMT 9 Aug 80

[Statement of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan]

[Text] The people of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan [DRA] take a hostile attitude toward the decision of the Israeli parliament to make Jerusalem the permanent and indivisible capital of Israel. This illegal action of the Tel Aviv Zionist organization is obviously contrary to all the pertinent UN resolutions, including the one passed at a special emergency meeting on the Palestinian question. This resolution demands that Israel comply with all the UN resolutions on the historic city of Jerusalem, whose Arab sector was occupied by Israel in 1967.

The rude and blatant (?annexation) of this city, a city which is holy to all Muslims, cannot be looked upon with indifference by Muslims and all peace-loving people of the world.

The people of Afghanistan, in one voice with Muslims throughout the world, totally condemn this aggressive action, which (?disregards) world public opinion and treads on UN resolutions.

The DRA Government asks the Islamic group at the United Nations for the organization of a [word indistinct] meeting of the United Nations to consider the situation that has been created as a result of the decision of the Israeli parliament.

The DRA Government is of the opinion that the UN General Assembly should take the most effective measures on the basis of Article 7 of the UN Charter [words indistinct] that will prevent Israel from transferring its capital to Jerusalem. Arab sovereignty over the holy city of Jerusalem is the condition for continuous peace in the Middle East. [Words indistinct] this decision of the United Nations by using the (?right) of veto it will greatly arouse the feelings of hundreds of millions of Muslims of the world and be responsible for the consequences of such an (?untimely) decision [words indistinct].

The DRA Government announces its support for the heroic people of Arab Palestine and expresses its fraternal solidarity with their struggle under the leadership of the PLO to free the occupied areas, to exercise their right of self-determination and to establish a national government.

PARTY ISSUES RESOLUTION ON PEOPLE'S ALERTNESS

LD101750 Kabul Domestic Service in Dari 1600 GMT 10 Aug 80

[Excerpt] The third plenum of the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan [PDPA] Central Committee, in view of the present situation, has passed a resolution calling for the preparation and alertness of all the party and people's forces in order to completely eliminate the armed bandits and troublemakers and eradicate the illegal networks of the counterrevolution. It stresses that this is the most important duty of the PDPA under the present circumstances. The third PDPA Central Committee plenum adopted as the motto of the day: Alertness of all the party and people's forces for the total elimination of the counterrevolution.

Following the resolution of the third plenum, the brave fighters of the PDPA, with high revolutionary spirit and deep commitment to struggle for the creation of a climate of peace and tranquillity and for relieving the persecuted masses of Afghanistan from the claws of professional criminals, embarked on the preparation and deployment of revolutionary forces. The first voluntary group of PDPA fighters, composed of 50 members of the party, after acquiring preliminary military training, left for the Qonduz front. Najmuddin Khawiani, member of the PDPA Central Committee, member of the Revolution Council of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan, and head of organizations of the Central Committee, on saying goodbye to these struggling comrades, thanked them for their (?readiness) to fight face to face the enemies of the revolution and drew their attention to their responsible revolutionary duties for waging relentless struggle against reaction and the counter-revolution.

MONOPOLIES DEPARTMENT ANNOUNCEMENT ON GASOLINE SHORTAGE

LD102207 Kabul Domestic Service in Dari 1600 GMT 10 Aug 80

[Text] Announcement by the Government by the Government Monopolies Department [GMD]:

The respected citizens are hereby informed that the GMD, in accordance with its national and revolutionary duties, is (?imposing) sufficient quantities of various petroleum products, that is, gasoline, diesel oil, kerosene and a variety of oils and [words indistinct] during the current year. Agreements for their importation were previously signed with the relevant Soviet organizations.

The delivery of these items is underway and according to schedule; they are being transported from the country's ports to distribution points and supplied to customers at fixed prices.

At present there are sufficient supplies of petroleum products like diesel oil, kerosene and other types of oils; only the quantity of gasoline supplies has declined and, according to measures taken, gasoline supplies will increase in the next 3 to 4 days and its distribution will proceed to pumping stations in the capital and provinces as usual in accordance with the customers' requirements. Motorists and customers should not be concerned over the temporary shortages.

The GMD requests the respected customers to observe order and discipline. On days when gasoline supplies are limited at (?the pumping stations), the (?transport) of gasoline will still take place to the stations concerned and gasoline will be distributed to all customers.

During the current year in accordance with plans, 360,000 tons of various petroleum products, including 100,000 tons of gasoline, will be imported from the USSR. This figure more than meets our requirements for the current year, and the surplus will be kept in storage.

BALKH GOVERNOR REPORTS ON SECURITY SITUATION IN PROVINCE

LD102142 Kabul Domestic Service in Dari 1600 GMT 10 Aug 80

[Text] The conspiracies of the imperialist undeclared war launched by the world-devouring United States and its [word indistinct] allies against revolutionary Afghanistan are being foiled through the resistance of our brave people, and the instigators of these crimes against the people are being severely crushed and eliminated. The governor of Balkh Province said in an interview with the BAKHTAR correspondent: [read by announcer]

Security prevails generally in Balkh Province. Although counterrevolutionary elements hired by U.S. imperialism, the Chinese chauvinists and Pakistani militarists and sent to our beloved country for terrorism undoubtedly exist in Balkh Province too, nevertheless with the help of the party members and the armed and security forces of Balkh Province, (?they are being detected and arrested prior to committing their crimes, that is, in the course of their crimes. He added: A number of those who set fire to the crops, destroy schools and mosques and terrorize the young and the old have been arrested by the party members and security forces of Balkh Province, and they will be punished for their deeds. In this way, the enemy is being dragged toward its death day by day. The Balkh governor added: At present, no specific group of troublemakers who can resist us exist in Balkh Province. Only a handful of thieves and robbers individually commit antihuman acts and they too, have either been or will be arrested. [passage indistinct]

62 'COUNTERREVOLUTIONARIES' ARRESTED IN SAMANGAN PROVINCE

LD091830 Kabul Domestic Service in Pashto 1420 GMT 9 Aug 80

[Text] Another group of destructive thieves and murderers who for some time have been engaged in disturbing the peace of our people in the area of the villages of (Shashpaykan), [name indistinct], Tolayjari and [name indistinct] in Kholm district, Samangan Province, have been captured.

This counterrevolutionary band of 62 thieves and murderers under the leadership of (Yonus) [word indistinct], a resident of [name indistinct], were captured yesterday afternoon with the cooperation of the people of Kholm district after an armed confrontation with the armed forces and security officials.

According to irrefutable documents, they had a hand in burning the Kholm (?local) school, the news of which has already been published in newspapers and broadcast over the radio. They are also responsible for killing and terrorizing innocent people in Kholm district.

Twenty-seven firearms, along with a quantity of ammunition and (?explosives), were also seized from those captured.

35 'COUNTERREVOLUTIONARIES' CAPTURED IN HERAT PROVINCE

LD082118 Kabul Domestic Service in Dari 1530 GMT 8 Aug 80

[Text] Thirty-five servants of imperialism and reaction who were engaged in Herat Province in destructive activities against our revolutionary government, have recently been captured with undeniable documents and evidence in the area of Zerbemalik and (Dardeherat), thanks to the cooperation of the toiling people of the area and the security forces.

A source in Herat Province reports that these mercenaries and traitors, who sold themselves in return for dollars, pounds and kaldars and were working against their compatriot brothers and the Sawr Revolution in order to fulfill the mean aims of their masters on them) printed leaflets, membership cards of reactionary groups, documents and a sum of kaldars. These were all confiscated. The source added that these traitorous placemen of imperialism, while regretting their inhuman and wild actions, were handed over to the investigatory authorities for further questioning.

The Herat provincial authorities appreciated the continual cooperation of the noble people of Herat in recognizing and capturing these counter revolutionary elements.

GRADUATION HELD FOR MILITARY COURT VOLUNTEERS

LD102150 Kabul Domestic Service in Dari 1600 GMT 10 Aug 80

[Text] The graduation diplomas of the military training course for the graduates of the law and Islamic studies colleges [of Kabul university] who have volunteered to participate in the judicial and prosecution work of the Armed Forces of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan [DRA] were presented to them by Maj Gen Baba Jan, the chief of general staff at the ceremony this afternoon. The ceremony began with the recitation of verses from the glorious Koran and then Colonel Kalilolah, member of the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan [PDPA] Central Committee, member of the Revolution Council and commander of the central garrison, in a speech drew the attention of the graduates to their duties and cast light on the judicial process in the armed forces of the DRA.

Afterward, Col Mohammad Asef 'Alam, president of the high court of the armed forces, spoke about the duties of the prosecutors and the courts of the armed forces in light of the ideas of the Sawr Revolution, especially its new stage of development. Brig Gen Gol Aga, member of the PDPA Central Committee and general director of political affairs of the armed forces; Emtiaz Hasan, member of the Central Committee and the Revolution Council; and 'Abdorraf, vice president of the Supreme Court, were also present at this ceremony.

GHANDI MESSAGE ON INDO-PAKISTANI RELATIONS

EK081601 Delhi ISI Diplomatic Information Service in English 1518 GMT 8 Aug 80

["Prime Minister's Message on India-Pakistan"--ISI headline]

[Text] India and Pakistan are independent and sovereign countries today but there is much that unites us. We have a shared past, many traditions in common and similar development problems. As neighbours we should bend all our efforts to build a cooperative future helping each other.

Confrontation is not only needless but aggravates the difficulties of our people. They yearn to escape from lives haunted by want and insecurity. They want to live in peace and under conditions of freedom and democracy so that full energy can be devoted to solution of fundamental socioeconomic problems.

We do have problems between us but given the full they can be resolved. They should not be allowed to come in the way of our harmonious and friendly relations. The Simla agreement provides basis for a bilateral approach to issues and for finding amicable answers.

I am glad that the Indian Embassy in Pakistan is bringing out a news magazine after a lapse of 10 years. I hope it will give the people of Pakistan a better understanding of India. Through the journal I should like to assure the people of Pakistan that the government and the people of India and I personally have the warmest feelings of friendship for them.

GANDHI REBUTS ALLEGATIONS OF 'WEAKNESS'

EK081617 Hong Kong AFP in English 1601 GMT 8 Aug 80

[Text] New Delhi, 8 Aug (AFP)--Prime Minister Mrs Indira Gandhi today hit out at those who had been propagating that she had become weak.

In which sphere have they noticed weakness? she asked and then replied: "Indira Gandhi has gone through many difficulties. Not a year had passed in my life in which I had not faced difficulty and misery," Mrs Gandhi said while addressing a meeting of her Congress Party workers here.

Recently she had suffered a big loss, Mrs Gandhi said, apparently referring to her younger son Sanjay's death in a plane crash in June last. Raising her voice she said: "Indira Gandhi was never frightened by sufferings or miseries. These things had never cowed her down."

The prime minister said: "In discharging her duty neither fear, nor family ties, or friendship came in her way."

RAO QUESTIONED ON INCREASED U.S. PRESENCE, OTHER ISSUES

EK080923 Delhi Domestic Service in English 0830 GMT 8 Aug 80

[Text] The Rajya Sabha was told today that the level of the U.S. naval presence in the Indian Ocean is being increased. The Diego Garcia base is also being expanded to facilitate the induction of the U.S. Rapid Deployment Force in the gulf and its neighborhood. External Affairs Minister Narasimha Rao stated in a written reply that the United States is also seeking new naval and air facilities in certain littoral states.

He said last month Washington ordered an assault force of 1,800 Marines and 5 amphibious warships to the Indian Ocean. In addition, seven converted cargo ships carrying weapons, ammunition and supplies were ordered to sail to Diego Garcia where they are to be prepositioned as the mobile supply dump.

Rao said India has consistently expressed its firm support to the 1971 UN declaration on the Indian Ocean as a zone of peace.

Here are some written replies by External Affairs Minister Narasimha Rao in the Rajya Sabha today:

Two cases of seizure of property of Indian nationals in Iran have come to the notice of the government. The Indian Embassy in Tehran has taken up the matter with the concerned authorities. There are, however, no reports of damage to places of worship like gurdwaras in that country.

Indian fishermen no longer have fishing rights in Sri Lanka's waters of Kachchitivu. The government has advised Indian fishermen to limit their operations to the Indian economic zone.

The ASEAN countries have regretted India's recognition of the Heng Samrin regime of Kampuchea. Rao said 17 nonaligned countries have recognized the new Kampuchean Government.

IRAN ASSURED OF ALL POSSIBLE INDUSTRIAL ASSISTANCE

EK081634 Delhi Domestic Service in English 1530 GMT 8 Aug 80

[Text] India has assured Iran of all possible cooperation in the industrial field. This assurance was given by Minister of State for Industry Dr Charanjit Chaudhary when the visiting Iranian deputy minister for labor and social welfare called on him in New Delhi today. The Iranian minister sought India's assistance in the field of small industries, plants and machinery, technology and training of personnel. He said 2,500 small industrial units have come up in his country since the revolution. But, there are not enough facilities to train technical people and little technical know-how, he added.

USSR'S KHOLOV ARRIVES FOR CELEBRATIONS

EK110756 Delhi Domestic Service in English 0730 GMT 11 Aug 80

[Text] A three-member Soviet delegation headed by Makhmadula Kholov, deputy chairman of the Supreme Soviet of the USSR, arrived in New Delhi today. The delegation was received by External Affairs Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao and officials of the Indo-Soviet cultural society.

Shortly after arrival Kholov said that he is happy to be in India to take part in the celebrations connected with the 9th anniversary of the Indo-Soviet treaty of friendship and cooperation and the 33d anniversary of India's independence. He said: We attach great significance to these occasions.

BRIEFS

OIL IMPORTS--A survey reveals 56 percent of India's import bill is accounted for by oil. The survey also says that at the present level the country will have to pay more than its total export earning for the same amount of oil that it imports at present. [Delhi General Overseas Service in English 1000 GMT 9 Aug 80 EK]

PRESIDENT HAQ RETURNS FROM SAUDI ARABIA

BK100918 Karachi Domestic Service in Urdu 0200 GMT 10 Aug 80

[Text] President Gen Mohammad Ziaul Haq returned to Rawalpindi last night following a 2-day visit to Saudi Arabia where he performed religious rites and offered prayer at the prophet's mosque. He visited the Pakistan house in the holy Medina which is under repair. He also visited the newly opened offices of Pakistan International Airlines.

The president was received at Islamabad airport by the vice chief of staff of the army, Gen Sawar Khan, Azad Kashmir President Brig Mohammad Hayat Khan and high-ranking civil and military officers.

SHAHI NOTES STATE DEPARTMENT ASSURANCES ON GOHEEN REMARKS

BK110042 Hong Kong AFP in English 2350 GMT 10 Aug 80

[Text] Islamabad, 11 Aug (AFP)--The United States has assured Pakistan that its policy towards the country has not changed and that Washington regards it as holding an important position in the Islamic world, Foreign Minister Agha Shahi said here today.

He told AFP that the U.S. State Department, in a message received here three days ago, had said that the U.S. "does not consider that the importance of Pakistan has diminished in any way."

On Thursday, Mr. Shahi criticized what he called a "most objectionable statement" in New Delhi by U.S. Ambassador Robert Goheen who had spoken of a "change in the American view consequent upon the reduction of the power, strength and size of Pakistan, and with India's growth in power, strength and regional leadership." Mr. Shahi said then: "We cannot but reject this kind of relationship with the United States as enunciated by Ambassador Goheen."

Today, he quoted the State Department as saying that "Pakistan continues to enjoy an important position in the Islamic world, and the United States respects the principle of sovereign equality" in its relations. It did not consider such relations on the basis of strength or influence.

SHAHI INTERVIEWED ON AFGHAN NEGOTIATIONS

BK110152 Hong Kong AFP in English 0128 GMT 11 Aug 80

[By Danielle Eyquem]

[Text] Islamabad, 11 Aug (AFP)--Pakistan might put forward new proposals for a conference on Afghanistan at the next United Nations General Assembly meeting in New York, Foreign Minister Agha Shahi said here Sunday [10 August].

In an interview with AGENCE FRANCE-PRESSE, Mr. Shahi said "there is a possibility for the UN General Assembly to bring about a political solution of the problem through a limited international conference."

The conference could include "the two superpowers (the United States and the Soviet Union), the neighbouring countries of Afghanistan, the three other permanent members of the Security Council (France, Britain and China), and some non-aligned countries, as well as the representatives of Kabul authorities," the foreign minister said.

He admitted that the inclusion of the present Kabul regime was a new thing. But the proposal to hold talks with it did not contradict the Islamic Conferences January's resolutions, the minister said. Participation in such a meeting would not imply recognition of Babrak Karmal's Afghan regime, he said, adding that "it is up to the other party concerned to make the appropriate response."

Mr Shahi also said he hoped that combined efforts from all countries concerned by the Afghan crisis would bring about a solution.

He hoped "a point will be reached where the USSR will perhaps find it worthwhile to agree to a political solution consistent with its interests, involving no loss of prestige for her, respecting the national rights of the Afghans and the security and interest of Pakistan and Iran."

He further hoped that "initiatives taken by the Islamic countries and to be taken by the Third World will not result in a new Soviet military offensive bound to exercise a highly negative influence on the international climate."

The minister also said that a representative from Mr. Karmal's regime had approached him on July 22 during the U.N. special debate on Palestine. The foreign ministers from Sri Lanka, Libya, Cuba and India served as intermediaries, but no talks took place as the Afghan representative would not accept the presence at the meeting of the secretary general of the Islamic League, Mr. Shahi said.

Only the Islamic committee on Afghanistan is entitled to approach the leaders of the ruling Afghan People's Democratic Party, the minister added.

He rejected accusations to the effect that Pakistan harboured foreign training camps run by Egyptians and U.S. advisers for Afghan guerrillas. "It is absurd to say that Pakistan is acting under an American pressure," he said.

Pakistan had not bought any new weapons for two years, he said, adding that he told U.S. Secretary of State Edmund Muskie that his country was not interested in U.S. military aid.

Mr. Shahi thought it strange India should worry about military aid when his country had turned down 200-million-dollars worth of aid and that New Delhi was spending what he said were several billion dollars on armament. India's stand on Afghanistan was "more or less the same as the Soviet position," Mr. Shahi also said.

In spite of Pakistan's stand on Afghanistan, economic cooperation with the Soviet Union had remained unaffected, the minister added.

AFP: USSR ASKED TO REDUCE NUMBER OF EMBASSY OFFICIALS

BK101643 Hong Kong AFP in English 1641 GMT 10 Aug 80

[Text] Islamabad, 10 Aug (AFP)--Pakistan recently requested the Soviet Union to reduce the number of diplomats and staff in the Soviet Embassy here, Foreign Ministry sources said today.

This step, taken several weeks ago, "bears no relations to the situation in Afghanistan, nor was it determined by the deterioration of our political relations with the Soviet Union," the sources said.

DEVELOPMENTS CONCERNING SITUATION OF STUDENTS IN U.S.

8 Aug Washington Demonstration

LD082323 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1930 GMT 8 Aug 80

[Excerpt] America, this great devil, in order to prevent the voice of the oppressed Muslims from reaching the world, has resorted to a new trick. This antihuman [word indistinct] intends to prevent demonstrations of the Muslims in this country by any means, and since its policies of force, torture and imprisonment have not succeeded, it has now resorted to employing mercenary elements and, by agitating Zionist elements, is trying through mass media to create a collision between these mob groups and the fighting students, thus showing that the people of America cannot stand the students. Mobilizing the mobs by New York City television toward New York's Islamic center and preventing our dear students from departing for Washington were the first phase of this plot, which, fortunately, was ended by the red and black American movements.

What ought to be said is this: Our dear students, after giving an ultimatum to the police because of their failure to carry out their duty, equipped their sisters and brothers in the New York mosque, which is under construction, with [word indistinct] steel and demanded the departure of the police from the scene in order to deal with the mobs themselves. But New York's mayor, who is a notorious Zionist, and the U.S. envoy to the United Nations asked our brothers and sisters for permission to meet them and stated that, on their own full responsibility, they would arrange for the students' transport. Yet our brothers and sisters refused to receive them. Then the red movement and the black movement announced their readiness to arrange for transport. The Islamic society, before accepting the offer of the latter, asked each movement to send its envoy to explain its policy to the students. Should their policies correspond to the students' ideological concepts, the offer of help would be accepted. Finally, following a review, the students left the City of New York at 0500 on board transportation which was provided by these two movements.

It is necessary to point out that the American mass media only reported the help accorded by the red Indians and the help provided by the blacks was seldom mentioned. This is because the American officials are deeply concerned by the sympathy and cooperation of these historically oppressed people of America with the Islamic Revolution.

At 1030 our victorious convoy of strugglers arrived in Washington and attended a demonstration that began at 1100 from [word indistinct] Square by the Islamic society to condemn U.S. police actions. Demonstrators whose number reached 600 marched toward the White House, for which they had been given prior permission, while being covered by walls of mounted police. This demonstration was held at a time when several thousand Americans throughout the route showered our dear ones with stones, bottles, beer cans, eggs, tomatoes and leftover food.

As the glorious procession reached Lafayette Park, opposite the White House, an order came from the White House that the demonstrators not be allowed to come near it. And the police prevented demonstrators from getting near the White House where our other dear ones had gone on a hunger strike.

Therefore, our dear hunger strikers went to the opposite park and joined the ranks of other fighters [mojahedin]. Yet six of these dear ones fainted. Four were taken to Washington mosque and one brother and one sister were taken to the hospital. On the excuse that the permission to go on the hunger strike had been granted until the time of the release of the prisoners, police refused to renew their hunger strike permission.

Once again the police showed their policy toward the struggles of our dear ones. Finally, our brothers and sisters ended their demonstration after reading a statement on the demonstration.

Since local Washington television had been making severe propaganda against Jerusalem Day, and during the day and in their programs had communicated several times the routes of the demonstration, places of assembly, and address of the Washington mosque, on their return from (?Lafayette Park) our brothers and sisters, in order to neutralize a certain plot such as the New York plot, decided to disperse and stay the night in various places, and then to assemble the next day at the place and time previously agreed upon.

This demonstration of our sisters and brothers had its own special glory. Our brothers and sisters marched in rows of four sisters in the middle and brothers on two sides. Police did not make the slightest effort to stop assorted things from being thrown. In one instance, a policeman gave his empty soft-drink bottle to one of the mob so that he could throw it at our brothers and sisters. After the conclusion of the hunger strike, a few of the mob followed a number of our brothers and beat them. There is no security at the moment. Our brothers and sisters, who looked so weak after 11 days of hunger strike, were bothered last night by the mobs in front of the White House, and the police paid no attention. During today's demonstration a brother's head was hurt as a result of a bottle thrown at him and he was taken to the hospital. In several instances our brothers and sisters were sprinkled with acid. Police used force to prevent the reading of Thursday's demonstration communique. Yet the cries of "God is great" by our brothers and sisters in Lafayette Park once again annoyed Carter. This is the park where the first collision with the monarchists began.

Unfair U.S. TV Coverage

LD081922 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 8 Aug 80

[Text] It must be mentioned that in the traditional market of calumny, the so-called notorious television network, it is very popular to undermine the victory of our brothers and sisters and cover up the disgraceful defeat of the murderous police. Among the news broadcast by the television network, to which many embellishments are added, is the report that some money has been sent to the United States from Iran. This money is said to have been placed at the disposal of 50 professionals to stage the recent demonstrations.

It was announced on the American TV network that the person who killed Tabataba'i has arrived in Iran and has escaped the halls of justice of His Excellency Carter. They are trying to accuse our brothers, members of the Islamic society, as persons (?engaged in planning) terrorist activities and trying to assassinate the associates of the overthrown regime of Pahlavi. This way they are trying, as usual, to prove that their opponents are a group of professional terrorists who engaged in crimes for the sake of the greeds of the world, and not a group of (?simple) students whose blood is boiling with the love of Islam and the desire to fight against tyranny.

Islamic Group on Charges

LD091223 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0930 GMT 9 Aug 80

[Text] The news headquarters of the Islamic society of students in the United States and Canada has reported that a number of officers of the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service [INS] and members of the federation of U.S. employees have accused the Carter administration of having intervened in the implementation of the immigration laws for the release of Iranian students to prevent political repercussions on U.S.-Iranian relations, because otherwise the INS would be able to expel the students from America on the grounds of not holding identity cards in accordance with its existing regulations.

The report says that a group of the INS staff decided to go on strike because of Carter's attitude with regard to a campaign against the students. Meanwhile, one immigration official has claimed that they were told that the students would be released and that there was no longer any need to investigate their files.

The report adds that [words indistinct] has been reflected in the press, nevertheless [words indistinct] could be seen among the White House and State Department officials as well. A White House official has stated that the release of Iranian students might not lead to the release of the hostages but it would prevent the situation from deteriorating.

9 Aug Demonstration

JN091910 Tehran International Service in Arabic 1730 GMT 9 Aug 80

[Text] The students' Islamic society and the Islamic society of Washington staged joint demonstrations on the occasion of Jerusalem Day. These spectacular demonstrations began at [words indistinct] in front of the White House and marched along (Connecticut) Avenue. Meanwhile, the police were besieging and tightly cordoning off the demonstrators, pretending to be protecting them.

The demonstrators continued their mammoth marches through a number of public squares and main streets until they reached the Islamic Center in Washington, where they held the Friday prayers [words indistinct]. At the end they issued a statement that was received with shouts of "God is the greatest" as an expression of the demonstrators' approval of the statement.

Throughout their march along the street leading to the Islamic Center, the mob of Americans insulted our beloved people by hurling stones, eggs and tomatoes at them, disregarding their legitimate demand; namely, the liberation of Jerusalem. Despite the fact that the rabble's harm of our Muslim sons today was not as severe as that of yesterday, it was relatively tough. In one case, one of our brothers was wounded in the eye as a result of a blow dealt to him by one of the [words indistinct].

The Islamic society has prepared films and pictures of the savage acts of the American mercenaries. These will be presented to [word indistinct] courts into the future.

The reports received from Washington show that our Muslim sisters and brothers gathered in front of the Islamic Center in tight and well-organized lines after the prayers and shouted slogans of support for Imam Khomeyni and the Islamic Republic.

However, they were confronted with curses and hard words by the mob of Americans. This behavior angered a group of black Muslims, who attacked that rabble. Consequently, the police interfered with force [words indistinct] and arrested three of the brother black Muslims, claiming that one of them intended to use weapons. The police also arrested one of the Islamic society members for no reason at all.

The demonstrators, whose number was estimated at 1,500 Muslims, were raising posters carrying the following phrases in the English, Arabic and Persian: God is the greatest; Muhammad is God's prophet; Islam is the only path; Long live Palestine; We will liberate Palestine; Long live the Islamic movement; The Muslims will not rest until they liberate Palestine; Islam is against racism and Zionism; Palestine, Palestine, we will liberate you; Islam is against oppression and is the supporter of the oppressed; O oppressed people of the world, rise to liberate Palestine; Khomeyni's imamate is the basis of our unity; Death to U.S. imperialism; As-Sadat is America's agent; Death to As-Sadat; Russia, get out of Afghanistan; It is an Islamic revolution, neither Eastern nor Western; Victory is granted by God; Revolution, revolution until victory; Our leader is Khomeyni; Long live Khomeyni; Struggle, struggle until victory; Long live the Islamic Revolution; Long live the Islamic Republic.

TEHRAN REPORTS ARREST OF STUDENTS AT VATICAN

LD082114 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1930 GMT 8 Aug 80

[Text] Today 24 of our committed Muslim brothers and sisters were arrested in Rome.

PARS NEWS AGENCY's news headquarters reports on the continuous struggles of Islamic students overseas and notes that the Islamic societies will hold marches in the cities of Berlin and Cologne to observe Jerusalem Day. Also in [words indistinct] will hold demonstration during which a protest will be launched against fascist actions by American and British police against our Iranian brothers and sisters.

Similar marches are due to be held by the Islamic societies in London and Stockholm. A demonstration will take place at 1400 in Hyde Park in London.

According to a spokesman of the Islamic societies in Europe, 2 Muslim sisters and 22 brothers and members of the society were today arrested in Rome, the capital of Italy. The 24 committed sisters and brothers, after conducting mass prayers in the Vatican, chanted anti-American slogans in support of their imprisoned sisters and brothers in the United States and England when they were confronted by the Italian police. These people, who are currently in a Rome jail, have refused to reveal their identities as a protest against their unlawful arrest.

DEVELOPMENTS CONCERNING SITUATION OF STUDENTS IN UK

Envoy's Meeting With Jailed Students

LD090504 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0330 GMT 9 Aug 80

[Text] During their meeting with Dr Ehda'i, the charge d'affaires of the Embassy of the Islamic Republic of Iran, the struggling Iranian students jailed in London said: The Iranian Government should be requested not to put up with any compromise with the British Government aimed at solving the problem of their imprisonment and that it should continue the struggle against injustice and oppression to the very end.

According to a PARS NEWS AGENCY dispatch, the prisoners, who have all identified themselves under a single name, are refusing to divulge their real identities and have told Dr Ehda'i that with their identities becoming known, after being released they would definitely face false charges against the British authorities. Dr Ehda'i, the Iranian Government representative in London, described the condition of another three of the jailed students as serious and that they were continuing their hunger protest against the injustice and what they referred to as the brutality and criminality of the police.

Prior to his visit to the prison, Dr Ehda'i met and talked with John Graham, one of the political under secretaries at the British Foreign Office. The British Foreign Office political under secretary told Dr Ehda'i: Should the jailed students continue their hunger protest, they might be deported from Britain.

Yesterday afternoon Dr Ehda'i also took part in an interview with ITN and emphasized: The actions of Scotland Yard in attacking the Iranian students gave rise to the situation and this is considered a brazen act of lawlessness. Ehda'i called on the British people not to be swayed by the baneful press and propaganda, which are constantly attempting to blacken the name of the Islamic Revolution of Iran, adding that they themselves, armed with logical thinking, should directly judge the issue of the jailing of the Iranian students.

Protest at U.S. Embassy

LD090736 London PRESS ASSOCIATION in English 0730 GMT 9 Aug 80

[Text] Police were sent in force to the American Embassy in London early today when Iranian students began a demonstration outside.

The protest, which remained peaceful, was in support of the 68 Iranian students arrested during a violent demonstration at the embassy on Monday.

A Scotland Yard spokesman said: "There were about 30 students. There was no trouble and they left quietly just before 1 am."

The protest came a few hours after three of those held in Brixton jail after being arrested in Monday's demonstration were admitted to the prison's hospital after going on hunger strike.

A Home Office spokesman said they were transferred on medical advice.

Fifty-two of the 53 in Brixton jail have been refusing food and liquid since being remanded in custody on Tuesday. One Iranian at Brixton started accepting food on Thursday, but the prison reported yesterday that 52 were still refusing. Five other Iranians held at Ashford remand centre and 10 women at Holloway were taking liquids only.

The 68 remanded after refusing to give their names and addresses face charges ranging from threatening behaviour to assaulting police and carrying offensive weapons.

Mr Malcolm Hurwitt, who represents them, said some of the students had told him they were "ready to become martyrs."

"I presumed they were ready to die for their cause," he said. "Martyrdom was a general opinion expressed and my impression was that all the demonstrators at that time held this view."

End of Hunger Strike

ID100034 London PRESS ASSOCIATION in English 0006 GMT 10 Aug 80

[Text] London, 10 Aug (PA)--All Iranian prisoners on hunger strike in London prisons dropped their protest tonight and tucked into food and drink offered to them.

All were now eating and drinking normally, a Home Office spokesman said late tonight.

The change of heart came after a 5 and 1/2-hour visit to Brixton Prison by the Iranian charge d'affairs in London, Dr Seyfollah Ehda'i.

He said after leaving that the 62 Iranians detained there had decided to end their hunger strike.

He had been asked by the Foreign Office to speak to the prisoners in the hope that they might be persuaded to cooperate--and give their identities.

The hunger strike began after the Iranians were remanded in custody by magistrates on Tuesday following disturbances outside the American Embassy in London. Dr Ehda'i said tonight that Iranians were giving up the hunger strike on condition that later he would issue a statement condemning police behaviour toward them.

HUNGER STRIKE STAGED IN FRONT OF UK EMBASSY IN TEHRAN

NC101939 Paris AFP in English 1933 GMT 10 Aug 80

[Excerpt] Tehran, Aug. 10 (AFP)--About 40 Iranians were staging a hunger strike outside the British Embassy here late today to protest the arrest of Iranian "students" in London.

The protestors had cordoned off a section of the sidewalk, set up a loudspeaker and water tank, and written on the embassy walls: "Death to the British Government," "Free our brothers and sisters," and "This world doesn't want the human rights of the superpowers."

The demonstrators claimed to belong to a group called "the Islamic association of students in the United States, Canada and Europe."

Tehran Report on Demonstration

ID110332 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0230 GMT 11 Aug 80

[Text] According to the report of the [word indistinct] correspondent of PARS NEWS AGENCY news headquarters in connection with the struggles of the Islamic societies of students in foreign countries, at 0100 today between 200 and 300 of the relatives of the students who are imprisoned in England took part in extensive demonstrations in front of the British Embassy in Tehran.

At first, in order to protest against the British police's treatment of our sisters and brothers in London, the demonstrators took part in a sitin protest in Ferdowsin Street opposite the British Embassy.

According to the report of the PARS NEWS AGENCY correspondent, at every moment the number of the crowd increased until by 0130 in the morning hundreds of others from the struggling people of Tehran had joined the imprisoned students' families who had taken part in the sitin protest, while carrying portraits of Imam Khomeyni, the great leader of our revolution, and also red flags with slogans on Hoseyn's movement [referring to the uprising and martyrdom of Imam Hoseyn in the 7th century]. The demonstrators chanted these slogans: "Death to America," and "Death to England." By this time the number of the demonstrators exceeded 1,000, and the slogan "Death to England, death to fascist British police" was reverberating in the sky of Ferdowsin and adjacent streets. Then, Hojjat ol-Islam Hadi Ghaffari came into the midst of the crowd among calls of "God is great," and delivered a speech to them.

Our correspondent adds in his report that by 0200 the number of demonstrators in front of the British Embassy in Tehran had increased to nearly 3,000. At 0205 the demonstrators finished their demonstrations while chanting "Death to England, death to Carter," and "Release our imprisoned sisters and brothers."

At the invitation of the Islamic society of students in England, other demonstrations are planned for 0800 today in front of the British Embassy in Tehran in order to protest against the fascist behavior of Scotland Yard's police and the beating and injuring of our sisters and brothers in England.

At the end of his report our correspondent wrote: The demonstrators demanded that the imprisoned sisters and brothers in England be released as soon as possible without any conditions and that Scotland Yard be prosecuted for attacking the students, which is a formal violation of British laws.

11 Aug Report on Protest

NC111014 Paris AFP in English 0949 GMT 11 Aug 80

[Text] Tehran, Aug 11, (AFP)--About 300 people demonstrated today outside the British Embassy here to back 68 Iranian students held in London.

But by the end of the morning, only about 30 hunger strikers kept up the protest while a few dozen people stayed on to hear a mullah speak from a rostrum.

"Why don't the British learn the lessons of the failure of the United States in the face of Islam?" he asked. "Britain used to rule the world. Now it has become weak. That is because of Islam," he declared. The protest organisers, the Islamic association for students in the U.S., Canada and Europe, called on the people of Tehran to demonstrate at the embassy to "expose the crimes of the British and American police."

The students were arrested in London a week ago during a demonstration outside the U.S. Embassy there. Most of them ended a six-day hunger strike yesterday.

TEHRAN REPORTS ON STUDENT DEMONSTRATIONS IN HAMBURG

JN092036 Tehran International Service in Arabic 1900 GMT 9 Aug 80

[Text] The Iranian students' Islamic societies union in Europe, northern Germany branch, has staged demonstrations in front of the U.S. Consulate in Hamburg in support of the brothers and sisters detained in America and Britain. At the end of the demonstrations [words indistinct] the following statement which was received by shouts of "God is great" as a sign of support for what it contained:

[Words indistinct] students' Islamic societies in Europe, we staged demonstrations in front of the U.S. diplomatic mission in the FRG in defense of the struggle of the Muslim brothers and sisters in America and Europe, those dear ones who have crushed the backs of the U.S. police and Carter's administration, which is hostile to all humanity, despite a period of 10 days which they spent under barbaric torture and imprisonment at the hands of tyrants. We announce the following:

First: Out of our deep faith in the Islamic Revolution and our great love of the great leader Imam Khomeyni, we will defend the achievements of our innocent martyrs until the last breath.

Second: At the time when we firmly denounce the U.S. Government's barbaric and inhuman cries against our innocent Muslim brothers and sisters who struggled for their legitimate rights, we demand that the voices of these brothers and sisters be heard by the world's various peoples in order to expose the U.S. Government's practices.

Third: We firmly denounce the silence of groups and organizations which claim to be fighting against imperialism, over this barbarism practiced by the great devil, the United States, against sons of the militant Muslim people. We consider this as a predetermined silence and indifference toward the battle between right and wrong.

Fourth: We demand that our brothers and sisters now under arrest in London and California be released soon, those brothers and sisters who have risen to defend the brother members of the Islamic society in the United States. We condemn any judicial and social restrictions on them.

Fifth: We urge the honorable deputies at the Islamic Majles to consider Carter's crimes when they make the decision on the fate of the U.S. spies in Iran.

Sixth: As we announce our full support for the various world liberation movements, including Palestine, we express our anger and denunciation of the occupation of the Islamic land by usurping Israel. We also condemn the mean Zionist decision on making Jerusalem its capital, thus usurping the first of the two qiblahs [direction to which Muslims turn while praying]. We announce that this decision is incompatible with all norms and international law and consider it as a big design aimed against Muslims and the oppressed.

Therefore, we call on the world's Muslims to stick together and unite their ranks in order to sever the hands of criminal and hegemonic Zionism.

Greetings to Imam Khomeyni, the honest leader of all oppressed; victory to the struggle of the Islamic Republic in Iran and to the struggle of the oppressed in the world; death to usurping Zionism and imperialism and down with the plots of all hypocrites and the stubborn.

TEHRAN COMMENTS ON U.S., SOVIET SUPPORT, USE OF IRAQ

JN092142 Tehran International Service in Arabic 2030 GMT 9 Aug 80

[Unattributed commentary]

[Excerpts] In the name of God, the merciful, the compassionate: The ambassador of the Islamic Republic of Iran in Moscow has asked the Soviet Government to stop providing Iraq with arms or diplomatic relations will be downgraded to the level of charge d'affaires.

This request came after several warnings to the Soviet officials, pointing out the mistakes they commit through supporting the Baghdad government. The indifference to these repeated warnings, declared the officials in the Islamic Republic, has exposed relations between Iran and the Soviet Union to danger.

The dangers the Islamic Revolution faces do not come from one source or one place. All the forces which have an interest in fighting the Islamic Republic played their role in this war against revolution. No power or state opposing the Islamic line can be excluded from the evil onslaught to which the Islamic Republic has been exposed during the 1 and 1/2 years of its life.

The Soviet and American powers played the biggest role in the war of hostility against the young republic. Based on this hostility, both of them began to create conspiracies and to plan to topple the Islamic Republic. They moved their agents inside and outside to attack the revolution from the two directions. Because the Soviets and Americans had a joint interest in confronting the Islamic Revolution, the two powers united and decided to topple the republic through full cooperation.

The Islamic Revolution, which changed the political equations in the region, today finds itself confronting two stubborn enemies. We should not wonder when we see the two powers using Iraq to confront the Islamic Revolution. The Iraqi weapons are Russian and will remain so for technical and political reasons--technical because of the difficulty of changing the arms system to a new one. The political reason lies in the fact that the Ba'thist regime wants to maintain its agency for superpowers. It intends to enter into the group of countries which work for both the West and the East at the same time. It is [word indistinct] witnessed by the 20th century.

It is known that biased countries work for one of the two camps. But, the Ba'thist regime works for the aims and interests of the United States. It also wants to remain [words indistinct] the Soviets. This equation is clearly seen through the Baghdad regime's efforts to carry out the U.S. and Soviet plots against the Islamic Revolution in Iran.

Some political observers try to say that Iranian-Soviet relations are good. They base their conclusions on the firm Iranian stand on the U.S. Government. They think that relations with the Soviets become positive if they are negative toward the United States. This equation is wrong. There are many proofs that these conclusions are wrong. The true equation is that there is mutual understanding between the two superpowers on all world issues. If this understanding was not present and true, then a war of annihilation would have been waged between the two powers.

This mutual understanding and the joint interests eliminate any possibility of war between them. There is also another fact which should not be undermined; The U.S. and Soviet interests were exposed to danger at the same time. This was when the Islamic Revolution triumphed. They began to concoct conspiracies at that time. They found in the pre-Islamic regime in Iraq the means to achieve their purposes. Thus, the United States shouldered the responsibility of planning for the conflict against the Islamic Revolution, while the Soviet Union undertook to provide Iraq with what it needs in weapons and power to implement the conspiracy.

KUWAITI PAPER CLAIMS U.S. GOODS REEXPORTED TO IRAN

LD091214 Kuwait KUNA in English 1139 GMT 9 Aug 80

[Text] Kuwait, 9 Aug (KUNA)--The U.S. administration realizes that an economic boycott it imposed on Iran in the wake of the hostages crisis is not being enforced by American companies, a Kuwaiti newspaper said Saturday.

In a front page report not attributed to any source, AS-SIYASAH daily added that it carried out a 'field survey' in the gulf markets which led it to conclude this fact.

It said that gulf markets have been re-exporting the American commodities to the Iranian market with the knowledge of the U.S. diplomatic and trade circles.

The volume of the re-export activities from the Kuwaiti market to Iran is estimated at six million Kuwaiti dinars a month while that of Dubai is estimated at 30 million American dollars, AS-SIYASAH said. The American goods and commodities being re-exported from Kuwait and Dubai to the Iranian market include cars, machinery, electrical appliances, metallic pipes and foodstuffs such as rice, sugar, etc, the paper noted.

"Brokerage plays a key role in the re-export market", AS-SIYASAH said, adding that the average rate of brokerage is currently estimated at 2.3 percent.

VATICAN ENVOY, CAPUCCI MEET WITH BANI-SADR

LD101730 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 10 Aug 80

[Text] According to a PARS NEWS AGENCY report, this afternoon the Vatican envoy in the Islamic Republic of Iran met and conferred with President Seyyed Abolhasan Bani-Sadr. At this meeting, at which Archbishop Capucci was also present, the issues concerning the Christian clergy were discussed.

REPORTAGE ON SELECTION PROCESS OF PRIME MINISTER

Eligibility Committee Investigation

LD081828 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 8 Aug 80

[Text] At 2000 tonight, Hojjat ol-Eslam Hajj Sheykh Mohammad Yazdi, a member of the committee investigating eligibility for prime minister, accompanied by Hojjat ol-Eslam Fazollah Mahallati and Mr Mohammad 'Ali Raja'i, the Tehran deputy at the Islamic Consultative Assembly, met and conferred with the Imam Khomeyni, the leader of the revolution and the founder of the Islamic Republic of Iran.

According to the PARS NEWS AGENCY, at this meeting Hojjat ol-Eslam Yazdi presented a report of the work of the committee investigating the eligibility of prime minister to the imam of the nation.

PARS NEWS AGENCY also reported that this morning Hojjat ol-Eslam va Moslemin 'Ali Akbar Hashemi-Rafsanjani, the speaker of the Islamic Consultative Assembly, Hojjat ol-Eslam Hajj Sheykh Mohammad Yazdi, Hojjat ol-Eslam Fazollah Mahallati and Mr Mohammad 'Ali Raja'i met and conferred with our country's president, Dr Abolhasan Bani-Sadr, at his house.

According to the PARS NEWS AGENCY, during this meeting which lasted for 2 and 1/2 hours, they discussed the current problems of the country and the relations between the Majles and the Cabinet.

Majles Nomination of Raja'i

NC081805 Paris AFP in English 1803 GMT 8 Aug 80

[Text] Tehran, Aug 8 (AFP)--The Iranian parliament has voted to nominate Mohammed 'Ali Raja'i as prime minister, it was announced here today.

The speaker, Ayatollah Hashemi-Rafsanjani, said on Tehran radio that Mr Raja'i's name was put forward to President Abolhasan Bani-Sadr.

The decision came in a closed-door session yesterday. Ayatollah Rafsanjani said that 107 of the 155 members of parliament present had backed Mr Raja'i.

Mr Raja'i, an MP from Tehran for the Islamic Republican Party and an education minister in the government of former Premier Mehdi Bazargan, is considered a fundamentalist in outlook.

Bani-Sadr Introduction Letter

LD090954 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0933 GMT 09 Aug 80

[Text] Dr Abolhasan Bani-Sadr, Iran's Islamic president, today introduced Mr Mohammad 'Ali Raja'i to the Islamic Consultative Assembly of Iran as the prime minister. The text of the president's letter addressed to the Iranian Islamic Consultative Assembly is as follows:

In his exalted name: The esteemed president of the Islamic Consultative Assembly, having heard the consultations of the select [Majles] committee and the views which the esteemed Majles has indicated, I am introducing Mr Mohammad 'Ali Raja'i as prime minister. I pray to Almighty God to give the esteemed deputies and Mr Raja'i success.

[Signed] President Abolhasan Bani-Sadr

Majles Speakers on Raja'i

LD111132 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0935 GMT 11 Aug 80

[Excerpts] At its open session today, the Islamic Consultative Assembly gave a vote of endorsement to the prime minister introduced by the president.

According to the report of our correspondent at this session, which started at 1100 with the recitation of some verses from the holy Koran and under the chairmanship of Hojjat ol-Eslam va Moslemin Hashemi-Rafsanjani, Mohammad 'Ali Raja'i, who had been introduced as prime minister to the Islamic Consultative Assembly by the president, obtained a vote of endorsement as prime minister. Voting took place by secret ballot, and out of a total number of votes of 196, he obtained 153 votes in favor with 24 against. There were 19 abstentions.

The participants in the Jerusalem liberation congress observed the open session of the Majles as guests. In a speech after their arrival, Hojjat ol-Eslam va Moslemin Rafsanjani said: On behalf of all the deputies of the Islamic Consultative Assembly, I welcome the brothers and sisters, members of the Islamic liberation movements, to Iran and particularly to the Majles, and on behalf of my brothers I announce that this majles, which is the home of the Muslim people of Iran, is also home of you, our Muslim brothers outside the Iranian borders, because we have named it the Islamic assembly.

Rafsanjani added: We also hope that the liberation of our brother country Afghanistan from the hands of the occupying forces will come true as soon as possible so that we can celebrate the last defeat of the superpowers in their interventions in the world of Islam.

Our correspondent's report indicates that during this session, the select committee investigating the eligibility of the prime minister presented a report on its work to the Majles.

First, Hojjat ol-Eslam Mohammad Yazdi talked in a speech about the method of electing the committee, investigation of the nominees for the prime ministership and the consultations which the committee held with the president.

He said: This committee eventually came to an agreement about Mr Raja'i.

He added that the president said: Although I regard Mr Raja'i as a good and honest man, there are two points about him to be mentioned: The first is that if Mr Raja'i accepts an issue [as heard] he will in practice implement his own ideas; of course, I am not trying to say that he is self-willed, but he believes in his own ideas. The second point is that his information on the affairs of the country is not sufficient.

Hojjat ol-Eslam Yazdi added: We finally decided to hold a meeting with Mr Bani-Sadr and Mr Raja'i. At this meeting many of the criticisms were raised, and following our discussions it appeared that misunderstanding and false information had been the causes of some conclusions. However, at the suggestion of Mr President, it was decided to recommend Mr Raja'i as prime minister to the Majles and if the majority of the Majles deputies were inclined toward him, then the president could introduce him as prime minister. Mr President, in accordance with his own suggestion, formally introduced Mr Raja'i.

(?Afterward), Hojjat ol-Eslam Emami Kashani, another member of the select committee, made a speech and said: The Islamic Consultative Assembly is an ideologically motivated Majles-- it is decisive and follows the imam's policy. The nation of Iran must be aware that this committee, in its work of investigating the eligibility of the prime minister, (?has been very precise).

Addressing Mohammad 'Ali Raja'i, he added: We, the deputies, bear God as our witness in voting for your ideology and [word indistinct] and as long as you remain on this path we shall support you and stand beside you, but if, God forbid, you deviate, the Majles will also deviate.

The open session of the Islamic Consultative Assembly ended at 1325 and Hojjat ol-Eslam va Moslemin Hashemi-Rafsanjani announced that the next open session of the Majles will be held at 1000 on Saturday, 16 August.

KHOMEYNI ADDRESSES REPRESENTATIVES OF LIBERATION MOVEMENTS

LD092107 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1710 GMT 9 Aug 80

[Excerpts] Dear listeners, as reported earlier in this newscast, this evening representatives of world liberation movements met Imam Khomeyni, the leader of the revolution and the founder of the Islamic Iranian Republic. The meeting began with a report by Hojjat ol-Eslam Mohammad Montazeri, the official in charge of the headquarters responsible for celebrating world Jerusalem Day, concerning measures taken so far to hold the forthcoming Jerusalem conference in Tehran. Within the next few minutes we will bring you details of the report and Imam Khomeyni's speech, which will be simultaneously carried by the Voice and Vision of the Islamic Iranian Republic.

[Begin Khomeyni recording; duration of speech 41 minutes] In the name of God, the merciful, the compassionate: I congratulate you Muslims on the occasion of this blessed month of Ramadan. Blessed is the day when the Muslims, [word indistinct] may overcome their difficulties.

The difficulty facing Muslims is not [word indistinct]; this is only one of the problems facing them. Is not Afghanistan one of the Muslims' problems? Is not Pakistan one of their problems? Is not Turkey one of their problems? Is not Egypt one of their problems? Is not Iraq one of the Muslims' problems? We must try to find out where these problems plaguing all Muslims have emanated from and then see what the solution is.

The problem facing Muslims is their governments; it is these governments which have dragged down Muslims, leading them to the present situation. It is not nations which pose a problem; they [words indistinct] can solve their problems; the problem lies with governments.

The point is that nations have lost their way; they have lost their countries [as heard]. (?They are under the impression that) one cannot stand up to the big powers; that they might do this or that. These things must be removed from the minds of nations, replacing them with [word indistinct]; this can be done. [Words indistinct] this big satanic power, the USSR, which is exerting all its power to suffocate Afghanistan [words indistinct] [shouts of approval from audience]. If a nation really wants something, it cannot be stopped. However, nations must be awakened so that they will demand things. Our nation was once asleep.

Our governments, these governments existing in Muslim lands, have nothing to do with Islam, even if their talk of Islam is aimed at playing with you. Saddam's [Saddam Husayn] Islam is like Mohammad Reza's; As-Sadat's Islam is like Saddam's. This is Islam in words, while [in action] it creates a base to facilitate the destruction of Iran. What is Iran? It is an Islamic country. He [presumably meaning As-Sadat] joins forces with Carter in order to crush Islam. This is their Islam; this is Mr as-Sadat's Islam. As for Mr Saddam [words indistinct]; yet not a day passes that he does not attack the country's frontiers with his army and artillery. This is his Islam. This is an imported Islam, imported from the USSR.

Our problems will not disappear unless we return to Islam, the prophet's Islam. Until such a time we will not be able to solve the problem of Palestine, the problem of Afghanistan or any other problems. Nations must return to genuine Islam. Should governments also do accordingly, so much the better; otherwise nations must separate their accounts from those of their governments and deal with them as the Iranian nation dealt with its government. It is then that problems will be solved. Otherwise, however much we mark Jerusalem Day, however much we shout or argue and discuss things, shouting and talking will not stop [word indistinct].

Muslims must shout. They must not think their shouting is futile; no, it is useful, providing all people shout [words indistinct]. Take note: These shouts arising from Iran are not confined to Tehran, Qom or Ahvaz. You see the Corps of Revolution Guards issues orders to the entire nation to go on (?rooftops) and shout God is great on such and such a night; they all obey. Was this possible in the prerevolution era? Was it possible to issue such an order? The esteemed Qom religious teachers say that on a certain day the nation must show (?solidarity); the entire nation does accordingly [words indistinct]. Consequently, all nations must act accordingly and when a group says do such and such a thing, they must obey and bear in mind that such an order has been issued from above. This is how our nation acts. We hope all nations follow suit.

When we say we want to export our revolution, this is what we have in mind: This is what we want to export. We want to export the same spirituality which has emerged in Iran, the same problems that have emerged in Iran. We do not want to draw our swords and take up our guns and attack. Iraq has been attacking us for a long time, whereas we have not reacted accordingly; they are attacking and we are defending ourselves.

24

We want to export our revolution, our cultural revolution and our Islamic Revolution to all Islamic countries [chants, shouts of "God is great"]. Once this revolution is exported, wherever it is exported, it will solve problems. What you must do is to awaken your peoples as Iran staged its revolution and [words indistinct].

I wish success to all of you, my sons, who have come here; I hope all Muslims achieve success. God willing, we hope one day all Muslims will become brothers, with all roots of corruption eradicated from Muslim lands. We hope that this rotten root of Israel will be eradicated from Jerusalem and our [word indistinct] Islamic nation. God willing, we hope the day will come when we all go to Jerusalem and say our prayers of unity. [shouts of approval]. God bless you all. [end recording]

Soviet Reaction to Khomeyni

JN102035 Tehran International Service in Arabic 1900 GMT 10 Aug 80

[Text] Referring to Soviet reaction to remarks made by the leader of the Islamic nation in which he described the Soviet Union as an arch-Satan, an AFP report from Moscow says: The Soviet Union, the arch-Satan according to Imam Khomeyni, seems to be indifferent to the storm blowing from Tehran. However, the Soviets express their extreme anxiety over what they call the dangerous Iranian stands.

No official reaction was made today to the violent attack launched by Imam Khomeyni when he described the Soviet Union as an arch-Satan for the first time. Moscow is quietly seeking to spread reassurance.

Since the beginning of the Islamic Revolution, the Kremlin has been playing the card of support for the revolution. Relations between the two neighborly countries were excellent prior to the coup in Kabul. In particular, the Soviet Union supported the Iranian demand for taking custody of the (?deposed) shah. Moreover, Moscow kept itself aloof from the issue of the U.S. hostages, and the Kremlin seemed to be the protector of besieged Iran.

Relations between the two friendly states deteriorated in the wake of the Afghan problem as well as the Kremlin's military aid to Iraq.

Tehran intends to summon its ambassador in Moscow. The Soviet Union's dissatisfaction can be seen in some commentaries.

However, the Iranian stand, which was crystallized by the great imam's statements, entrenches the totally independent trend of the Islamic Republic, despite all the difficult pressures imposed upon Iran from here and there. In the logic of the Islamic Revolution, full independence cannot be achieved without keeping far away from all the colonialist Eastern and Western orbits. Proceeding from this premise, the principal slogan of the revolution is: Neither East nor West, but an Islamic republic.

BANI-SADR ATTACKS IRP CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY MEMBER

NC092155 Paris AFP in English 2148 GMT 9 Aug 80

[Text] Tehran, Aug. 9 (AFP)--Prompted by a speech from Iranian President Abolhasan Bani-Sadr, about 1,000 of his supporters took to the streets of Tehran tonight to demonstrate against Hassan Ayat, one of the ideologists of the dominant religious Islamic Republican Party (IRP).

Supporters paraded shouting: "Bani-Sadr, we are behind you," "The plotter Ayat must be executed by (Sadeq) Khalkhali (head of the revolutionary courts)," "Ayat must be kicked out of parliament."

Last June, President Bani-Sadr had accused Mr. Ayat of hatching a "plot" to get rid of him.

In his speech tonight at a mosque before several thousand people, the president said that "all those who are against free speech are against the Islamic Revolution. They accuse me of being a bad Muslim when I have studied Islam all my life."

The president also lashed out at Soviet leaders and said "they have privileges which would have been undreamed of by feudal lords under czarism."

JERUSALEM DAY DEMONSTRATORS ISSUE RESOLUTION

LD081330 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0930 GMT 8 Aug 80

[Excerpts] Today, on the last Friday in the holy month of Ramadan, millions of Muslim people of Iran poured into the streets in order to express the solidarity of Muslims for the liberation of Jerusalem and to announce their ties with the Muslim people of Palestine, in accordance with the wishes of the imam of the nation, the idol-smashing Khomeyni.

According to the report of the Voice and Vision of the Islamic Republic of Iran correspondent in Tehran, millions of Muslim people began gathering early this morning in 10 squares in the north, south, east and west of Tehran and marched toward the weekly destination of those who take part in congregational prayers at the university of Tehran in order to participate in the congregational prayers and to listen to the resolution issued on Jerusalem Day at the Tehran university campus.

According to correspondents of the Voice and Vision of the Islamic Republic of Iran, uniformed personnel of the military and security forces of the Islamic Republic also took part in the Jerusalem Day ceremonies. They and other groups of the nation chanted slogans in solidarity with the Palestinian nation for the liberation of Jerusalem while marching toward the university of Tehran. According to these reports, those who participated in the Jerusalem Day marches revealed in their slogans the conspiracies of the U.S., Israeli and Egyptian governments against Palestine and the conspiracies of the Ba'thist Government of Iraq and U.S. imperialism against the Islamic Republic of Iran.

The millions of demonstrators in Tehran chanted slogans such as: "The conspiracy of the United States was divulged, was divulged," "The Israeli As-Sadat was disgraced, was disgraced," and "The Ba'thist Government of Iraq is at the edge of the precipice."

According to our correspondents at the university of Tehran's Jerusalem Day ceremonies, the PLO representative made a speech. Later the resolution of the march was read and it received the support of the crowd with shouts of "God is great." Mr. Jalaaleddin Farsi then described the Palestinian revolution for those taking part in the Friday congregational prayers at the university of Tehran. The last speaker in today's ceremonies was Hojjat ol-Eslam va Moslemin Seyyed 'Ali Khamene'i, Tehran's Friday imam, who gave the Friday prayer sermons.

The Muslim people of Iran and other Muslims of the world this year celebrate Jerusalem Day at a time when U.S. imperialism and traitorous Zionism, together with the mercenary regime of As-Sadat in Egypt, are continuing the conspiracy for so-called Palestinian autonomy.

24

In addition, Israel, by declaring Jerusalem as its capital, has impudently started another conspiracy against Islamic countries. The racist, usurping Zionist Government of Israel has chosen Jerusalem, the first Qiblah [the place towards which Muslims turn in their prayers] of the Muslims, as its capital in order to make the occupation and the usurpation of the lands of the Muslims permanent.

The text of the resolution of the march of Jerusalem Day is as follows. We announce:

1. While condemning the dangerous conspiracies which are being hatched under the evil guise of nationalism and racism by the enemies of Islam in order to break the united rank of the Muslims of the world, we demand the greater unity of the Muslims of the world within the framework of Islamic teachings.
2. On the basis of our Islamic commitment and bearing in mind the guidance of the imam of the nation, the great Khomeyni, concerning the exportation of the Islamic Revolution to the world, we shall work hard until victory and we declare our unreserved support for all the international movements of the oppressed people.
3. While expressing our complete support for the Palestine resistance movement, we demand from all officials of the Islamic Republic of Iran that they not refrain from unreserved material and spiritual assistance to all liberation movements, especially in Palestine, Eritrea, Afghanistan, the Philippines and the movement of the American blacks, and go to their assistance with all their capabilities.
4. We regard Palestine and Jerusalem as belonging to all the Muslims of the world and, on the basis of the verse, "Hold ye fast to the rope of God and do not be divided," demand the unity of the Muslims of the world in order to liberate Palestine.
5. We regard the declaration of Jerusalem as the capital of Israel as another step towards the achievement of the evil goal of Zionism; namely, the extension of the usurping occupation of the lands of the Muslims. We demand that all the Muslims and freedom-loving people of the world use all their might to prevent this evil, criminal step and not refrain from any endeavour.
6. While praising the resolute resistance of the Palestinian prisoners and while supporting their hunger strike, we announce our solidarity with the Palestinian revolution and ask all the revolutionary and freedom-loving governments and forces to engage in effective and decisive actions for the sake of their liberation.
7. In accordance with the proposal of the illustrious jurist consult, His Eminence Ayatollah Montazeri, we ask all the Muslims of the world to prepare to participate in a great, glorious march towards Jerusalem in order to liberate it so that the united ranks of the Muslim community throughout the world may, like a mighty front, destroy the usurping Israel.
8. We express our support for the truth-seeking struggles of the Muslim people of Iraq, Egypt, Morocco, Saudi Arabia and other Islamic countries whose governments are under the influence of imperialism and Zionism. We condemn the direct and indirect collaboration of these puppet governments with the usurping Israel.
9. We strongly condemn the criminal aggression of Eastern imperialism in Afghanistan and its hypocritical stand on Palestine and we announce our solidarity with the rightful struggles of these nations and demand the unreserved support of the Islamic Republic of Iran for these struggles.

10. We express our unreserved support for the continuous struggles and the persistent resistance of our sisters and brothers of the Islamic societies of students in the United States and Europe. We ask them to continue their valiant struggle and resistance in various forms, as they have so far withstood like a mountain against the crimes of blood-sucking U.S. imperialism. Their brave actions will receive the unreserved support of the Islamic community.

11. While expressing our unreserved support for the Islamic Consultative Assembly, the strength of which has been described by the imam of the nation as "greater than all other strengths," and most of whose members are Muslims, committed individuals, we ask them to put the liberation of Palestine and Jerusalem in their agenda and, in accordance with the guidance of the imam of the nation, to endeavour to export the Islamic Revolution.

12. We expect the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran to prepare the military forces, including the guards corps, armed forces and the national mobilization forces, quickly and in most **resolute** manner so that we can make use of the military actions of the forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran in order to liberate Palestine from the yoke of bondage of Zionism and imperialism.

AHVAZ VOICE, VISION DIRECTOR COMMENTS ON PALESTINE

GF091320 Ahvaz Domestic Service in Persian 1200 GMT 9 Aug 80

[Excerpts] An auspicious march was organized last night on the occasion of international Jerusalem Day in which various ranks of Masjed-e Soleyman citizens participated.

At the end of the march, the participants gathered on the lawn of the Masjed-e Soleyman reconstruction crusade, and the director of the Ahvaz Voice and Vision of the Islamic Republic spoke about the reasons for Israel's constant victories and Muslims' backwardness.

He said: Israel is an imperialist child born from the irreligious unity of the super-powers in the East and West. This unity has not only played a decisive role in the founding of Israel, but in the continuation of its life as well. He added: We cannot forget that so-called leftist forces worked next to King Husayn to drive the Palestinian resistance out of Jordan. The flames of war are burning in Lebanon because the Palestinian revolution deviated from its true course--struggle with Israel.

In another part of his speech he said: It is impossible for the Muslim nation of Palestine to win as long as puppet regimes like that of the treacherous As-Sadat, the American King Husayn and Hafiz al-Asad rule in the region. It is impossible for Palestine to be freed as long as reactionary and fascist forces such as King Khalid's clique rule in Saudi Arabia. It is impossible for the Palestinian nation to win as long as Persian Gulf oil is flowing to the East and West and as long as the wealth of Islamic countries is in the hands of superpowers and a consumer culture prevails in Islamic nations.

The director of the Voice and Vision of the Islamic Republic, Ahvaz branch, said in conclusion: The heroic Palestinian nation greatly assisted the Iranian revolution. Unfortunately, 18 months after the victory of the Iranian revolution we have still been unable to give a positive reply to this struggling nation. PLO offices have opened in Tehran only recently. This came about after it had been operating officially in 130 countries.

At the end of the meeting, the participants left the premises chanting strong slogans.

RADIO IRAN SAYS MEHDI BAZARGAN REPORTEDLY ARRESTED

GF101359 (Clandestine) Radio Iran in Persian to Iran 1330 GMT 10 Aug 80

[Excerpt] According to unconfirmed news reports, engineer Mehdi Bazargan, the first prime minister selected by Khomeyni and [words indistinct], has been arrested by officials of the Islamic Republic. According to the same reports, engineer Bazargan has been arrested because of an open letter he wrote and published criticizing Khomeyni.

FVOI REPORTS FORMATION OF RESISTANCE MOVEMENT

GF091620 (Clandestine) Free Voice of Iran in Persian to Iran 1500 GMT 9 Aug 80

[Text] According to our reporter, former Iranian Prime Minister Shahpur Bakhtiar announced the formation of an Iranian national resistance movement in a communique published in Paris yesterday. He said the aim of this movement is to free (?Iran) from the grip of a group of so-called [word indistinct], illiterates, usurpers and tyrants who are foreign to Iran. Bakhtiar asked all Iranian patriots to join this movement.

On the other side, Hassan Nazih, former NIOC director, announced in an interview with the French news agency yesterday that [words indistinct], and he is willing to cooperate with Bakhtiar's movement. The French news agency reported that [words indistinct] another step has been taken in uniting the [word indistinct] forces outside Iran.

AFP Report

NC081550 Paris AFP in English 1455 GMT 8 Aug 80

[Text] Paris, Aug 8 (AFP)--Former Iranian Premier Shahpur Bakhtiar today announced the creation of an Iranian national resistance movement in a press communique issued by his Paris bureau.

Mr Bakhtiar, who lives in exile here, called on "all Iranian patriots" to join the movement, which is aimed at "saving the country" from the grasp of "a handful of ignorant, illiterate, so-called religious leaders who are foreign to Iran, corrupt and despotic."

Charging that "the economic foundations of the country have been destroyed, law and discipline discredited, and women reduced to a state of slavery," Mr Bakhtiar, the last prime minister under the shah, accused the current Tehran regime of having "crushed Iranian culture and civilization."

Not to cooperate with the national resistance movement, Mr Bakhtiar added, would be tantamount to "treason to history."

Creation of another such initiative, the "national movement to save Iran," was announced on June 20 by another exiled opponent to the current Iranian regime, former National Iranian Oil Company President Hassan Nazih, who also now lives in France.

Mr Nazih told AFP today that he hoped that the two movements would work together. "We share an identical viewpoint on many questions concerning the future of Iran," he said.

ARMY TRIBUNAL SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR MILITARY INVESTIGATIONS

LD091057 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0945 GMT 9 Aug 80

[Text] The central news unit reports that the following statement was issued today by the revolution tribunal of the army of the Islamic Republic of Iran:

In his exalted name: This is to notify all units of the [Islamic Revolution] Guards Corps and [Islamic Revolution] committees throughout the country that investigation relating to offenses committed by military personnel is, according to the law, the exclusive prerogative of the Islamic Revolution tribunal of the army. Without authorization from the army prosecution office or the Islamic Revolution tribunal of the army or court representatives in the provinces, the arrest of military personnel will be illegal and offenders will be held strictly responsible.

Meanwhile, this is to notify the commanders and chiefs concerned that if they observe any violations they should immediately report the offenders to the army revolution tribunal located at Qasr intersection in Tehran so that the necessary actions may be taken.

[Signed] Chief of the Islamic Revolution tribunals of the army Mohammadi-Reyshahri

TEHRAN COURTS ORDER EXECUTION OF 11 COUP PLOTTERS, 2 OTHERS

LD310342 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0230 GMT 31 Jul 80

[Text] Branch No 1 of the Islamic Revolution court of Tehran dealt with the accusations against 11 people who had taken part in the abortive coup d'etat against the Islamic Republic of Iran from 22 July to 29 July and has sentenced them to execution on charges of rebelling against the just imam [yaqi bar emam-e 'adel] and the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran. The execution verdict was carried out today at dawn. The names of the those executed are as follows:

1. Mohammad 'Ali Farzan, son of Mohammad Ebrahim,
2. Hasan Karimpur-Tari, son of Ghazanfar,
3. Daryush Jalali, son of Yusof,
4. Nejat Yahya, son of Sha'ban 'Ali,
5. Mohammad Behruzfar, son of 'Abdol Amir,
6. Nurollah Najafnezhad, son of 'ali,
7. Hasan Kazemi, son of 'Abdollah,
8. Mojataba Moradi, son of Ebrahim,
9. Siyavosh Nowruzi, son of 'Ali,
10. Ahmad Mohammadi, son of Mohammad Taqi,
11. Mohammad 'Ali Asangoshay, son of Hoseyn.

Also, Branch No 3 of the Islamic Revolution court of Tehran, after dealing with the file of Nasrollah Sedarat, the son of Fazel, an army officer, SAVAK agent and chief of the SAVAK office of the Tehran bazaar, has found him guilty of sowing corruption on earth and fighting against God and the prophet and of the charges of participating in the arrest, torture and beating of the strugglers, and has sentenced him to execution. The verdict was carried out today at dawn.

Also, according to the PARS NEWS AGENCY, Branch No 1 of the Islamic Revolution court of Tehran after dealing with the file of Ebrahim Mohebbani, son of 'Ali Mohammad, has found him guilty of sowing corruption on earth, of theft during the previous regime and of rape, and has sentenced him to execution. The verdict was carried out today at dawn.

Execution of 14 Plotters

LDO70518 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 0230 GMT 7 Aug 80

[Text] According to PARS NEWS AGENCY, the first branch of the Islamic Revolution Court of Tehran has held various trial sessions since 4 August to investigate charges against 13 people who had participated in the abortive coup d'etat of Wednesday night, 9 July, against the Islamic Republic of Iran. Following the reading of the indictment, announcement of the accusations and the hearing of the last defense of the accused, the court announced the termination of the hearing and retired to consider its verdict.

The accused people were condemned to death as corrupt ones on earth and as having waged war against God and his prophet, on charges of rising against the (?just) imam and the Islamic Republic of Iran and having had such powerful supporters and mobilizers as America and Israel.

The names of the 13 people who were executed are as follows:

1. (Mohammad Saqafi), son of (Gholam Reza), a 1st lieutenant pilot;
2. (Iraj Soltani), son of (Ebrahim, a captain pilot;
3. (Hoseyn Lashgari), son of (Rafiollah), 1st lieutenant pilot;
4. (Amir Khosrow Zarrini), son of ('Abdollah), a colonel in an infantry division;
5. (Hasan Jowhari), son (Aminollah) a major in an infantry division;
6. (Kavaus 'Alizadeh), son of (Gholam), a major in an infantry division;
7. ('Ali Morvaridi), son of (Amir), a 1st sergeant in an infantry division;
8. (Siavash Purfahmideh), son of (Mozaffar), a noncommissioned officer of the technical division [sotvan yar 3 motor];
9. (Mohammad Reza Qorban Najafabadi), son of (Taqi), a noncommissioned officer of an infantry division;
10. (Moharram 'Ali Zahedi), son of (Mosayyeb), a noncommissioned officer, parachutist;
11. (Mohsen 'Asgarian), son of (Mohammad Hasan), a parachutist warrant officer;
12. (Hoseyn Abedini), son of (Habibollah) [rank indistinct];
13. (Sirus Azarian), son of (Shamsollah), a noncommissioned officer, parachutist.

The second branch of the Islamic Revolution Court of the capital was also convened on 6 and 7 August to reconsider the case of former Brigadier General Hoseyn Torabi, son of Esma'il; and after hearing the last defense of the accused, the court retired to discuss its verdict.

The court canceled his previous sentence of 15 years' imprisonment and return of all his assets and, in view of the documents in his file, he was condemned to death as corrupt earth.

The charges brought against the above-named person, according to his file and confessions, are as follows:

1. Establishment of SAVAK offices in Shahr-e Kord and Arak and being the head of the SAVAK offices in Shar-e Kord, Arak, Hamadan, Qom, Chahar Mohal Bakhtiari and Tehran;
2. Having had the position of consultant for [number indistinct] years to the regime and Moqaddam, who was destroyed, and also being a deputy head of SAVAK's third office;
3. Collecting information on the struggling and crusading clergy and trying to identify them in the years 1966-1967, pursuit and arrest of the clergy, as well as compiling dossiers against militants;
4. Being a member of the country's Supreme Council of Hajj as appointed by Sabeti, he made known to SAVAK the identities of people, he smashed the uprising in Arak and tortured strugglers and militants, which resulted in some people being crippled.

The sentences on the 14 above-named persons were carried out at dawn this morning.

Acquittal of 12

LDO71914 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 7 Aug 80

[Texts] According to a Central News Bureau report, the first chamber of the central Islamic Revolution court held a session today to investigate the dossiers of 12 persons in connection with the sinister attempted coup on the night of Wednesday, 9 July 1980. After studying the contents of the dossiers and the views of the examining judge, and listening to the defense of the accused, because of lack of evidence as to their criminality or their participation in aiding and abetting the said plot, all these individuals were declared innocent and an order was issued to that effect. The names of the persons are as follows:

Mohammad Ra'isi-Nezhad, the son of Hoseyn; Purdad Malek-Mohammadi, the son of Feyzollah; Ahmad Esma'ilzadeh-Hamdami, the son of Reza; Ali Foruhar, the son of 'Abdolhoseyn; Faramarz Farivar, the son of Mohammad; Jalil Mankur-Sorkhabi, the son of Saleh; Khodskhtehnegar, the son of Esma'il; Rasul Khosrowdad, the son of Reza; Yadollah Oveysi, the son of Shamsollah; Karim Qalahx Isma'il, the son of Taqi; Mohammad Musavi, the son of Seyyedjan; and Ahmad Firuzbar, the son of Khodadad.

MAJLES SPEAKER TO HOLD REGULAR PRESS CONFERENCES

LD101652 Tehran PARS in English 0733 GMT 10 Aug 80

[Text] Tehran, 10 Aug (PARS)--Majles Speaker Hojjat ol-Eslam Hashemi-Rafsanjani is scheduled to hold weekly press conferences from 4 to 6 pm on Mondays, the public relations office of the Islamic Consultative Assembly (MAJLES) announced yesterday. Foreign and domestic journalists and mass media reporters can participate in the regular press conference to be held in the Majles building.

TWO DRUG SMUGGLERS EXECUTED ON KHALKHALI'S ORDERS

LDO81800 Tehran Domestic Service in Persian 1630 GMT 8 Aug 80

[Text] According to the Central News Bureau, on the orders of Hojjat ol-Eslam Sheykh Sadeq Khalkhali, two notorious smugglers of Malayer, (Mohammad Habibi) and (Mohammad Reza Baqeri), from the village of Larijan, were condemned to death. They were arrested last month and charged with carrying 14 kg of heroin. The sentences were carried out in Malayer at dawn this morning.